

MULTILANGUAGE UI WITH LOCALIZED RESOURCES

Field of the Invention

5 The present invention relates to mobile electronic devices and, more particularly, to a Multi-language User Interface (MUI) for use in a mobile electronic device. Still more particularly, the invention relates to extending an MUI system to use localized multi-language filenames and localized multi-language registry settings.

Background of the Invention

10 Some types of portable electronic devices are processor-controlled, with a user interface to allow the user to more easily and intuitively operate the device. For example, mobile telephones are increasingly becoming more than just wireless voice communication devices. Rather, in addition to handling voice data, mobile telephones have a display unit to display graphical data to support email, web browser, and other non-voice features. Still further, such mobile electronics devices are very popular
15 worldwide, with a number of manufacturers making and selling these devices in a price competitive environment. Thus, these mobile electronic devices are generally manufactured in large volumes to be sold in various countries. In order to reduce costs, manufacturers of such mobile electronic devices often desire a single manufacturing process that produces devices that can be sold in multiple countries without the need for
20 special customizing steps.

Summary of the Invention

In accordance with the present invention, an MUI that can access localized information is provided for use in a mobile electronic device. In one aspect of the present invention, the MUI system displays localized information (*e.g.*, settings
25 stored in a registry) in a selected language on the portable electronic device. In one embodiment, the MUI system includes a display, an operating system, a localized data store, and an application. When the application needs to display language-dependent

information, this information is obtained from the localized data store, which contains language-dependent information for all of the languages supported by the mobile electronic device. This aspect advantageously allows for access to localized language-dependent information, which was heretofore unavailable in mobile electronic devices without rewriting each application that might have a need for this information.

In a further refinement of this aspect of the present invention, the MUI system also includes alternative resources. The alternative resources include language-dependent information for each language supported by the mobile electronic device. The application may need to display language-dependent information that can be non-localized, localized or both. Non-localized language-dependent information is obtained from the appropriate alternative resource. Localized language-dependent information is obtained as described above.

In another aspect of the present invention, the localized data store can also contain information in the registry. In a further refinement, the registry includes a base key for the requested type of localized information, with several sub keys, each corresponding to the localized information in one of the languages supported by the mobile electronic device. That is, each sub key is associated with a different language and contains the localized information in that particular language. When an application (such as a display form or dialog box) makes a call to the registry to return the localized setting, if the localized setting does not appear at the base registry key, the MUI system identifies the current language set for the system, and looks for a sub key that matches the current language. The MUI system then returns the setting in the appropriate language from the appropriate sub key to the calling application. In this way, the MUI system has a mechanism to access localized information and display it in an appropriate language.

In another aspect, the MUI system maintains a database of registered filenames with associated translations of those filenames into other possible languages. When a calling application queries for the name of a registered file, the MUI system identifies the current language setting and retrieves, from the database, the name of the file in the appropriate language.

Brief Description of the Drawings

FIGURE 1 is a diagram illustrating a perspective view of an exemplary mobile electronic device.

FIGURE 2 is a block diagram illustrating components of an exemplary mobile electronic device, according to one embodiment of the present invention.

FIGURE 3 is a block diagram illustrating components of a multi-language user interface (MUI), according to one embodiment of the present invention.

FIGURE 4 is a flow diagram illustrating an operation of an MUI, according to one embodiment of the present invention.

FIGURE 5 is a block diagram illustrating components of a registry-accessible MUI, according to one embodiment of the present invention.

FIGURE 6 is a flow diagram illustrating a registry access operation, according to one embodiment of the present invention.

FIGURES 7A and 7B are diagrams illustrating the organization of a multi-language component of a registry, according to one embodiment of the present invention.

FIGURE 8 is a block diagram illustrating functional components of a localized multi-language filename-accessible MUI, according to one embodiment of the present invention.

FIGURE 9 is a diagram illustrating the organization of a localized multi-language filename data store, according to one embodiment of the present invention.

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiment

Illustrative Mobile Electronic Device

FIGURE 1 illustrates a mobile electronic device **100**, which in this example is a mobile telephone (e.g., a "cell phone"). Other examples of a mobile electronic device include personal digital assistants (PDAs), notebook computers, etc that include a processor or controller that operate under software or firmware control.

Such mobile electronic devices may include a multi-language user interface (MUI) so that the mobile electronic device can be manufactured in one location and sold in many different countries without the need of additional steps to customize devices for a particular language.

5 One MUI provides a mechanism for supporting multiple language information in a single binary image. The MUI includes a dynamically linked library or library for each language that is supported. Although this MUI provides a relatively straightforward mechanism for supporting multiple languages on the device, this MUI cannot handle all localized information, such as registry settings. For example, the time
10 zone name is stored as a localized setting in the registry because time zone names can be different from computer to computer since users may be located in different countries. That is, the time zone names are stored as a localized string in the registry because the value may change for a variety of reasons (*e.g.*, a country may change a time zone boundary, change or create a time zone name for political reasons, or adopt or
15 cancel daylight savings time). Because this MUI cannot handle localized information, it cannot properly display the time zone in the appropriate language.

Illustrative Hardware Implementation

FIGURE 2 is a functional block diagram illustrating functional components of a mobile electronic device **200**. The mobile electronic device **200** has a
20 processor **260**, a memory **262**, a display **228**, and a keypad **232**. The memory **262** generally includes both volatile memory (*e.g.*, RAM) and non-volatile memory (*e.g.*, ROM, Flash Memory, or the like). The mobile electronic device **200** includes an operating system **264**, such as the Windows CE operating system from Microsoft Corporation or other operating system, which is resident in the memory **262** and
25 executes on the processor **260**. The keypad **232** may be a push button numeric dialing pad (such as on a typical telephone), a multi-key keyboard (such as a conventional keyboard). The display **228** may be a liquid crystal display, or any other type of display commonly used in mobile electronic devices. The display **228** may be touch-sensitive, and would then also act as an input device.

One or more application programs **266** are loaded into memory **262** and run on the operating system **264**. Examples of application programs include phone dialer programs, email programs, scheduling programs, PIM (personal information management) programs, word processing programs, spreadsheet programs, Internet browser programs, and so forth. The mobile electronic device **200** also includes non-volatile storage **268** within the memory **262**. The non-volatile storage **268** may be used to store persistent information which should not be lost if the mobile electronic device **200** is powered down. The applications **266** may use and store information in the storage **268**, such as e-mail or other messages used by an e-mail application, contact information used by a PIM, appointment information used by a scheduling program, documents used by a word processing application, and the like.

The mobile electronic device **200** has a power supply **270**, which may be implemented as one or more batteries. The power supply **270** might further include an external power source, such as an AC adapter or a powered docking cradle that supplements or recharges the batteries.

The mobile electronic device **200** is also shown with two types of external notification mechanisms: an LED **240** and an audio interface **274**. These devices may be directly coupled to the power supply **270** so that when activated, they remain on for a duration dictated by the notification mechanism even though the processor **260** and other components might shut down to conserve battery power. The LED **240** may be programmed to remain on indefinitely until the user takes action to indicate the powered-on status of the device. The audio interface **274** is used to provide audible signals to and receive audible signals from the user. For example, the audio interface **274** may be coupled to a speaker for providing audible output and to a microphone for receiving audible input, such as to facilitate a telephone conversation.

The mobile electronic device **200** also includes a radio interface layer **272** that performs the function of transmitting and receiving radio frequency communications. The radio interface layer **272** facilitates wireless connectivity between the mobile electronic device **200** and the outside world, via a communications carrier or service provider. Transmissions to and from the radio interface layer **272** are

conducted under control of the operating system **264**. In other words, communications received by the radio interface layer **272** may be disseminated to application programs **266** via the operating system **264**, and vice versa.

5 Illustrative MUI System

FIGURE 3 is a block diagram illustrating components of a multi-language user interface (MUI) system **300**, according to one embodiment of the present invention. The MUI system **300** includes alternative resources **320**, a localized data store **330**, and an application **340**, illustrated as FOO.exe in this exemplary
10 embodiment. In this embodiment, the localized data store **330** and the alternative resources **320** are stored in the storage **268** (FIGURE 2), and the application **340** is part of the applications **266**. In addition, the MUI system **300** incorporates the display **228** and the operating system **264**. The display **228**, the operating system **264** and the applications **266** have been previously described in conjunction with FIGURE 2.

15 In this embodiment, the alternative resources **320** include non-localized resources in the various supported languages, which can be called by the application **340**. Non-localized resources include UI related information which does not need to be changed from mobile device to mobile device, and thus can be similar among many mobile devices. While at the factory, the alternative resources **340** can include
20 language libraries for the languages in all of the countries that the mobile electronic device **100** may be shipped. This system can advantageously simplify the manufacturing process, thereby reducing manufacturing costs.

The localized data store **330** is used to store localized information in the various supported languages. That is, the localized data store **330** stores UI-related
25 information that may change from mobile device to mobile device. For example, if the country in which the user resides changes the name of the time zone, the user can update a setting (*e.g.*, in the registry) in the localized data store **330** with the new time zone name.

The application **340** can be any application that has use for language
30 dependent information, typically text. For example, the application **340** may display the

current time zone in a dialog box. The application **340** can then access the needed language-based information from both the alternative resources **320** for the non-localized portion of the dialog and the localized data store **330** for the localized portion of the dialog. As previously discussed, localized language-dependent information was not accessible by the MUI prior to the present invention.

Illustrative Localized Multi-Language Access Method

FIGURE 4 is a flow diagram illustrating a method **400** for use by an MUI (e.g., the MUI system **300** of FIGURE 3) to access localized language information, according to one embodiment of the present invention. With the application **340** (FIGURE 3) running, the method **400** begins at block **410** in which a request is received from the application **340** to access language-dependent information. For example, the application **340** could request text in a particular language (e.g., French) that is to be displayed on the display **228** (FIGURE 3) in conjunction with rendering a dialog box or other UI-related object. In one embodiment, the application **340** sends the request to the operating system **264** for the needed language-dependent information. In other embodiments, the UI-related may be configured to display information in a form other than a dialog box. For example, the information can be displayed in the form of a picture, an audio signal, or a video signal.

The method **400** determines the language setting of the mobile electronic device **100** (FIGURE 1) at block **420**. In one embodiment, the user has already programmed the language setting in the mobile electronic device **100**, which the operating system **264** can retrieve. The operating system may retrieve the language setting either after receiving the request or before. For example, the operating system may retrieve this information during the initialization process when the mobile electronic device is powered-up. Thus, although block **420** is shown following block **410**, block **420** may already have been performed when the mobile electronic device **100** was turned on.

At a block **430**, the method **400** accesses a resource to retrieve any non-localized data needed by the object being rendered. In one embodiment, the operating system **264** accesses the alternative resource **320** (FIGURE 3). For example,

the application **340** may need a particular string of text in French to render on the display **228**. This string would be non-localized information stored in the alternative resource **320**, along with similar strings of text in the other supported languages.

At a block **440**, the method **400** begins rendering the UI object with the language-dependent information. In one embodiment, the operating system **264** begins providing information to the display **228** so that the language-dependent information can be displayed. Continuing the French language example, the operating system passes the language-dependent information to the UI object in preparation for it to "paint" itself on the display **228** with French text retrieved from the alternative resources **320**.

At a decision block **450**, the method **400** determines whether localized language-dependent information is needed during the use of block **440**. Continuing the French language example, the UI object may need a string of French text that is stored in localized data store **330** (FIGURE 3).

At a block **460**, the localized language-dependent data is retrieved from the localized data store **330**. In one embodiment, the operating system **264** performs this operation. For example, the operating system **264** accesses the localized data source **330** and retrieves the localized information (in French).

The method **400** then returns to continue the operation that was using the language-dependent information (*e.g.*, painting the display with French text). If no localized information is needed, the method **400** determines at a decision block **470** whether the operation that was using the language-dependent information is complete. If the operation is complete, the method **400** ends; otherwise, the method **400** returns to continue the operation that was using the language-dependent information. By implementing the method **400**, existing applications running on the mobile electronic device **100** can advantageously access localized language-dependent information without having to be rewritten.

Illustrative MUI with Localized Information in the Registry

FIGURE 5 is a functional block diagram illustrating functional components of a registry-accessible MUI system **500**, according to one embodiment of

the present invention. The MUI system **500** represents a specific implementation of the MUI system **300** (FIGURE 3); namely, one in which the registry **510** implements the local data store **330** (FIGURE 3), and in which the alternative resources **320** (FIGURE 3) are implemented in the file system **520**. In this example, the file system **520** includes alternate resources **530** that have language libraries **540₁**, **540₂**, ... **540_N** (N being a positive integer) corresponding to the N languages supported by the mobile electronic device **100** (FIGURE 1). In this implementation, the registry and file system are part of a Windows® type operating system. In accordance with the present invention, the registry **510** and the file system **520** are modified to include the localized language-dependent information and the non-localized language-dependent information, respectively, for languages supported by the mobile electronic device **100**. The application **340** also includes default resources **550** which are used for non-localized resources for a default language. For example, if the application is installed on mobile devices that are most likely to be delivered to one country, the default resources may support the most common language used in that country. The display **228** and the operating system **264** have been previously described.

Illustrative MUI/Registry Access Method

FIGURE 6 is a flow diagram illustrating an exemplary method **600** for use by an MUI (e.g., the MUI system **500** of FIGURE 5) to access localized language information, according to one embodiment of the present invention. The method **600** is analogous to the method **400** (FIGURE 4), with the method **600** being directed to a particular exemplary use (i.e., displaying a dialog box with localized language-dependent information accessed from the registry). In light of this disclosure, those skilled in the art can particularize the method **400** to display language-dependent information in other uses, without undue experimentation. Using the components described in FIGURE 5, the method **600** is performed as follows.

With the application **340** (FIGURE 5) running, the method **600** begins at block **610** in which a request is received from the application **340** to access language-dependent information to be displayed in a dialog box. For example, the application **340** could request text in German that is to be displayed in the dialog box.

In one embodiment, the application **340** sends the request to the operating system **264** for the needed language-dependent information.

The method **600** determines the language setting of the mobile electronic device **100** (FIGURE 1) at block **620**. In one embodiment, the user or manufacturer has already programmed the language setting in the mobile electronic device **100**, which the operating system **264** can then retrieve. For example, the operating system **264** may retrieve this information from the registry **510** during an initialization process when the mobile electronic device is powered-up. Thus, although block **620** is shown following block **610**, block **620** may already have been performed when the mobile electronic device **100** was turned on.

At a block **630**, the method **600** accesses the file system **520**. For example, the application **340** may need a particular string (or strings) of text in German to display in the dialog box. This string would be non-localized information stored in the file system **520** in the "German" language library (say, for example, the library **540₂** of FIGURE 5) in the alternative resources **530**. In one embodiment, the operating system **264** retrieves the German language information from the German language library.

At a block **640**, the method **600** begins using the language-dependent information in displaying the dialog box. Continuing the German language example, in one embodiment, the operating system **264** passes to the dialog box the German text retrieved from the German language library in the file system **520**.

At a decision block **650**, the method **600** determines whether localized language-dependent information is needed during the display of the dialog box. Continuing the German language example, the dialog box may need the name of the local time zone, which would be stored in registry **510** (FIGURE 5). In one embodiment, the dialog box requests the operating system **264** to provide this localized language information. In this example, the operating system **264** may then retrieve the location of the localized information from the application **340**. In this embodiment, the application **340** returns a registry key.

At a block **660**, the operating system **264** attempts to access the registry **510** at the registry key retrieved in block **650** to retrieve the localized language-dependent information (*e.g.*, the local time zone in German text). At decision block **670**, the method **600** determines whether the requested localized information is at the registry key.

If the localized information is found, the operating system **264** returns the localized information to the dialog box to be displayed. Conversely, if the localized information is not found, at block **680**, the method **600** looks for the information in a sub key. The absence of the localized information at the identified registry key indicates to the operating system that the information is language-specific, and hence stored in an alternate location. In one embodiment, the operating system **264**, not finding the requested localized information, uses the key plus the language setting to search for the desired localized information in the registry. That is, the registry is organized in a hierarchical structure. In this instance, the key has sub keys indexed by language. In this exemplary embodiment, the operating system **264** would then return the localized language-dependent information to the dialog box, which then continues rendering the dialog box with German text.

If at decision block **650** no localized information is needed, the method **600** determines at a decision block **690** whether the rendering operation being performed by the dialog object is complete. If the operation is complete, the method **600** ends; otherwise, the method **600** returns to continue the operation.

FIGURES 7A and 7B illustrate the organization of a multi-language component of a registry, according to one embodiment of the present invention. In particular, FIGURES 7A and 7B represent exemplary registry paths for localized language-dependent information. In these examples, the registry paths define the location of localized information related to the time zone, with the "4" indicating the Pacific Standard Time zone. In existing systems, the registry path would generally stop at the particular time zone (*i.e.*, HKLM\SOFTWARE\MS\TIME ZONE\4). Thus, a call to this registry key would only be able to return one string (typically, "Pacific Standard" in English). In contrast, according to the present invention, sub keys are added to this

key for each of the supported languages. For example, as shown in FIGURE 7A, the "0409" sub key is added, which indicates the English language. As shown in FIGURE 7B, the "0407" sub key is added, which indicates the German language. A call to the "0409" sub key would return the string "Pacific Standard Time", whereas a call to the "0407" sub key would return the string "Pazifischer Standardzeit" (*i.e.*, a German name for pacific standard time). Optionally, the sub key can be cached after it is read to be readily available if it is needed again.

In a further refinement, the user can store localized information at the base key, which will then be returned by the method 600 as previously described. In effect, the user's change will preempt the localized settings in the sub keys. For example, the user can load a string, "Microsoft Time" in the base key, which results in the operating system 264 returning "Microsoft Time" instead of the string in the sub key. If a user stored the localized information in the base key, it is assumed that the information will be in the appropriate language.

Illustrative MUI with Localized Filename Information

FIGURE 8 is a block diagram illustrating functional components of a MUI system 800 that supports localized multi-language filename access, according to one embodiment of the present invention. The MUI system 800 represents a specific implementation of the MUI system 300 (FIGURE 3); namely, one in which a filename data store 810 implements the local data store 330 (FIGURE 3). In this embodiment, the alternative resources 320 (FIGURE 3) are not used and so are omitted from FIGURE 8 for clarity. The filename data store 810 maintains a database of registered filenames with associated translations of those filenames into other languages supported in the mobile electronic device 100 (FIGURE 1), which may be needed by the application 340. For example, the application 340 may need to display a filename in a dialog box, or to display the filename in a shortcut (also referred to as a link name). In a manner similar to that described above in conjunction with FIGURE 4, when the application 340 queries for the name of the registered file, the MUI system 800 identifies the current language setting and retrieves the name of the file in the appropriate language from the filename data store 810. The filename data store 810

may be implemented as a look-up table, indexed by the actual filename of the registered file.

In one embodiment, the MUI system **800** operates as follows in painting a dialog box on the display **228**. The application **340** calls a dialog object to begin painting dialog on the display **228** in the language of the current language setting. When the dialog object needs the filename of a registered file, the dialog object makes a call for the filename, which is handled by the operating system **264**. The operating system **264** determines the language setting (this step may have been performed during power up), and makes a call with the actual filename of the registered file and the language setting to the filename data store **810**. The filename data store **810** returns a string (*i.e.*, the filename in the selected language) to the operating system **264**. The operating system **264** then returns this filename string to the dialog object. The dialog object then paints the filename string on the display **228**.

FIGURE 9 is a diagram illustrating the organization of the filename data store **810**, according to one embodiment of the present invention. In this embodiment, the filename data store **810** is implemented as a look-up table, indexed by actual file names of registered files, with entries for the filenames in English, German, French, etc. In this exemplary embodiment, the actual files names are link files such as clock.lnk, task.lnk, etc. The entries of the look-up table include the name of the file in various languages. Fields in the look-up table implementing filename data store **810** can be left unfilled, in which case a default name can be used (*e.g.*, the actual filename). In this embodiment, the filename data store **810** is public, which allows the vendor of each application to load translations of the actual file name in the appropriate fields of the filename data store **810**. This would typically be done when the application is installed in the mobile electronic device **100** (FIGURE 1).

The above specification, examples and data provide a complete description of the manufacture and use of the composition of the invention. Since many embodiments of the invention can be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention, the invention resides in the claims hereinafter appended.